Weather

HOT WEATHER SEASON (MARCH-MAY 1994)*

1. Introduction

Pre-monsoon thundershower activities in the country are prominent in Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam & Meghalaya, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram & Tripura, Sub-Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim and Kerala. Premonsoon thundershower activity is quite significant in Gangetic West Bengal, Orissa, Bihar Plateau, Tamil Nadu and Karnataka. Season's rainfall was excess in 2, normal in 17, deficient in 14 and scanty in 2 meteorological sub-divisions. Season's rainfall was in excess in Andaman & Nicobar Islands and Madhya Maharashtra and normal in Arunachal Pradesh, Assam & Meghalaya, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram & Tripura, Gangetic West Bengal. Orissa, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Rajasthan, west Madhya Pradesh, Marathwada. Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Kerala and Lakshadweep. It was deficient in the remaining sub-divisions outside Gujarat state where it was scanty. Seasonal and monthly rainfall figures are given in Table 5 and seasonal rainfall departures for the meteorological subdivisions are given in Fig. 2.

Actual rainfall and its departures for each month and season are given Table 1.

2. Chief features

- Severe cyclonic storm over Bay of Bengal (29 April to 2 May 1994).
- (ii) Onset of southwest monsoon over Kerala on 28 May 1994.
- (iii) Severe heat wave conditions in Rajasthan on a number of days and in parts of plains of west Uttar Pradesh and west Madhya Pradesh on a few days.

3. Monthly features

3.1. March

3.1.1. Weather and associated synoptic features — A well marked low pressure area formed over southeast Bay and adjoining scuth Andaman Sea on 21 morning and concentrated into a depression on the same evening with its centre lying near 9.5°N/90.5°E. It moved northwards into east-central Bay and neighbourhood and weakened on 24th (Fig. 1). Under the influence of this system Andaman & Nicobar Islands received good rainfall.

During this month, northwest India was affected by 7 western disturbances and 3 induced cyclonic circulations. There were also 3 troughs in the westerlies in the mid and upper troposphere which moved across the country. Details of these systems are given in Table 2.

Rain or thundershowers occurred almost at all the places or at many places on 14 days over Assam & Meghalaya on 4 to 7 days over Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram & Tripura and Sub-Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim and on 1 day over Madhya Pradesh and Kerala. Rainfall occurred at a few places or at one or two places on 4 to 16 days in Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam & Meghalaya, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram & Tripura, Sub-Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim, Orissa, Punjab, Himachal Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, coastal Karnataka, south interior Karnataka and Kerala and on 1 to 3 days only in Gangetic West Bengal, Bihar, Haryana, Madhya Maharashtra, Marathwada, coastal Andhra Pradesh, Rayalaseema, north interior Karnataka and Lakshadweep. Weather was mainly dry in the remaining subdivisions.

^{*}Compiled by: U. S. De, D. S. Desai and S. G. Bhandari, Meteorological Office, Pune.

TABLE 1

Monthly and seasonal rainfall (mm) for each month and season (March-May 1994)

S.	Meteorological sub-division				April			May		Season			
No.		Actual N	ormal	% Dep.	Actual	Normal	% Dep.	Actual N	lormal '	% Гер.	Actual	Normal	% Dep
1	Bay Islands	128	40	221	176	89	99	395	377	5	699	505	38
2	Arunachal Pradesh	221	100	121	176	191	8	199	340	-41	596	630	-5
3	Assam & Meghalaya	204	77	163	150	188	-20	331	413	-20	685	678	1
4	Naga., Mani., & Miz.	159	65	145	127	130	-2	104	234	-55	391	429	9
5	S.H.W.B. & Sikkim	53	53	0	89	110	19	195	283	31	337	445	24
6	Gangetic West Bengal	10	26	-59	67	42	6.2	103	98	5	181	166	5
7	Orissa	2	22	-92	55	32	73	39	63	-38	95	117	-19
8	Bihar Plateau	1	20	-95	25	20	26	25	52	51	51	92	44
9	Bihar Plains	0	11	98	7	14	53	27	45	~41	33	70	-52
10	East Uttar Fredesh	0 .	10	-100	11	6	85	11	16	-34	22	32	-30
11	Plains of West U.P.	0	13	-99	13	7	98	.7	12	-39	20	31	34
12	Hills of West U.P.	Ā	60	-98	25	33	-26	44	54	17	70	147	-53
13	Har, Chandi & Delhi	3	14	91	12	7	85	13	12	13	27	32	-17
ië	Punjab	- 4	25	-83	12	12	5	13	13	3	29	50	4?
15	Himachal Pradesh	18	80	-78	107	44	142	72	48	49	197	172	14
16	Jammu & Kashmir	28	101	73	75	72	4	42	55	23	145	228	37
17	West Rajasthan	Ä	5	85	10	2	313	6	8	27	16	15	10
18	East Rajasihan	ī	б	-90	9	2	323	5	9	-46	15	17	-12
19	West Madhya Praciesh	0	8	100	16	2,	316	2	9	-74	18	20	9
20	East Madhya Pradesh	0	18	-1(4)	16	13	2.3	16	16	2	32	46	51
21	Gujarat Region	0	2	100	3	1	-58	θ	7	-98	1	10	94
12	Saur., Kuich & Diu	0	3	100	0	7	-100	0	4	59	0	8	95
ز2	Konkan & Goa	0	0	-100	12	5	126	9	42	79	.21	48	57
24	Madhya Maharashtra	2	4	-37		12	202	38	29	30	77	45	73
25	Marathwada	0	7	97	26	3)	151	19	26	3	43	36	19
26	Vidarbha	0	18	-100	18	13	41	4	14	-75	21	44	52
27	Coastal A. P.	0	12	97	22	2.4	-8	39	57	-32	61	94	35
28	Telangana	C	11	-100	20	20	Ĭ	13	26	-51	33	58	-43
29	Rayalaseema	0	6	96	20	21	5	41	54	-24	62	82	-25
30	Tamil Nadu	9	21	-58	52	49	4	67	71	5	127	141	-10
31	Coastai Karnataka	0	5	23	92	32	184	59	141	— 58	15?	178	12
32	N. I. Kamataka	1	7	-91	50	26	94	24	49	— 50	75	81	8
33	S. I. Kamataka	5	8	-31	71	45	57	87	102	-14	164	155	6
34	Kerala	20	40	-49	158	114	.19	152	256	-41	330	410	19
35	Lakshadweep	25	8	210	87	35	149	95	141	-32	207	184	13

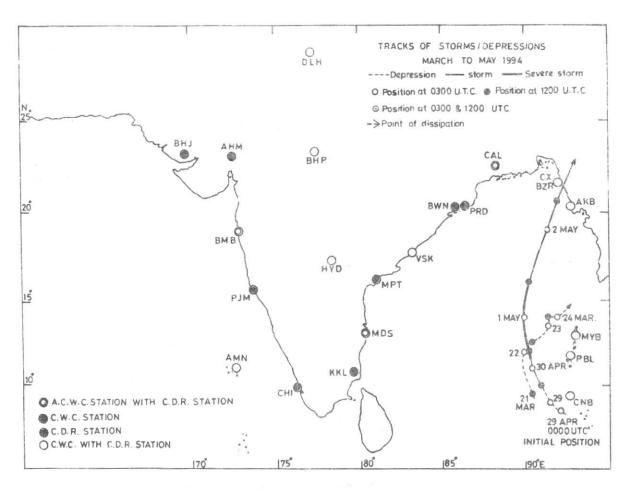


Fig. 1. Tracks of storms/depressions (March-May 1994)

3.1.2. Month's rainfall - Month's rainfall was in excess in 6, normal in 1, deficient in 5 and scanty in 5 meteorological sub-divisions. There was no rain in the remaining 8 sub-divisions. Rainfall was excess in Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam & Meghalaya, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram & Tripura, coastal Karnataka and Lakshadweep, normal in Sub-Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim, deficient in Gangetic West Bengal, Madhya Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, south interior Karnataka and Kerala and scanty in Orissa, Bihar, west Uttar Pradesh, Haryana, Punjab, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Rajasthan, Marathwada, coastal Andhra Pradesh, Rayalaseema and north interior Karnataka. Mainly dry weather prevailed over the rest of the country. Principal amounts of rainfall are given in Table 5.

3.1.3. Temperature — Day temperatures were 5°C or more above normal on 4 to 8 days in Himachal

Pradesh, Jammu, Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh and Gujarat and were 5°C or more below normal on 4 to 6 days in Arunachal Pradesh, Assam & Meghalaya and Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram & Tripura. The day temperatures were mostly normal to appreciably above normal elsewhere. The highest maximum temperature in the plains of 43°C was recorded at Ahmedabad on 18 and 19, at Porbandar on 18 and Jalgaon on 20.

Night temperatures were markedly below normal in Jammu on 1 and in Bihar Plains on 10. Elsewhere night temperatures were within $\pm 4^{\circ}$ C of normal over the country. In the plains, lowest minimum temperature of 5°C was recorded at Amritsar on 1 and -1° C in the hills at Srinagar on 1.

3.1.4. Disastrous weather events and damages— One person died and 50 injured in Assam and adjoining states due to hail storm.

TABLE 2

Details of the synoptic systems in March 1994

S. No.	System	Period	Place of first location	Direction of movement	Place of dissipation	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	Depression	21-24	Southeast Bay and adjoining south Andaman sea	Northnorthwest initially and then northnorth- eastwards	Southern parts of east central Bay and neighbourhood	It was first observed as a trough in the lower level on 18 and became low pressure area over southeast. Bay and adjoining south Andaman Sea, weakened into low pressure area on 24 and less marked on 25
(B)	Western disturbance					
1	Upper air system	2-5	North Pakistan and neighbourhood	Northeastwards	Across Jammu & Kashmir	
2	Do.	5-8	Do.	Do.	Do.	
3	Do.	9-10	North Afghanistan & neighbourhood	Do.	Across northern parts of Jammu & Kashmir	
4	Do.	13-15	Central Pakistan	Do.	Across Jammu & Kashmir	
5	Do.	17-22	North Pakistan and neighbourhood	Do.	Do.	
6	Do.	25-29	Do.	Do.	Do.	
7	Do.	29 Mar- 2 Apr	North Pakistan and adjoining Afghanistan	Eastnortheast- wards	Do.	
(C)	Induced cyclonic circulations					
1	Lower tropospheric level	3-5	South Pakistan & neighbourhood	Northeastwards	Northwest Rajasthan & neighbourhood	
2	Lower level	19-22	Northwest Rajasthan & neighbourhood	Do.	Moved away across Himachal Pradesh	
3	Do.	28-30	West Rajasthan & neighbourhood	Do.	Punjab & neighbourhood	
(D)	Troughs in westerlies/easterlies					
1	Trough in the easterlies (lower tropospheric level)	28 Feb- 2 Mar	Southeast Uttar Pradesh to south Madhya Maharashtra	Stationary	In situ	
2	Lower tropospheric level	9-20	Sub-Himalayan West Bengal to Assam & Meghalaya	Westwards	Bihar plains to north Assam	

TABLE 2 (Contd.)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
3	Trough in the easterlies (Lower level)	9-10	Andaman Sea & neighbourhood	Quasi stationary	In situ	
4	Upper tropospheric westerlies	12-15	Long.80°E/North of Lat. 15°N	Northeastwards	Sub-Himalayan West Bengal to coastal Andhra Pradesh	
5	Lower level	10-15	North Andaman Sea	Westwards	Southeast Bay & adjoining Andaman sea	
6	Do.	15-17	South Tamil Nadu to north interior Karnataka	Do.	South Kerala to Karnataka coast	
7	Mid and upper tropospheric westerlies	19-20	Long. 64°E/North of Lat. 25°N	Stationary	In situ	
8	Lower tropospheric level	20-23	North Bengal to northwest Bay	Eastwards	West Assam to northeast Bay	
9	Mid tropospheric level	24-26	Southeast Bay to south Bay	Stationary	In situ	
(E)	Other cyclonic circulations					
1	Lower level	11-13	Central Pakistan & neighbourhood	Southeastwards	West Rajasthan & neighbourhood	
2	Lower tropospheric level	12-14	North Pakistan & neighbourhood	Northeastwards	Jammu & Kashmir	
3	Do.	14-17	West Rajasthan & neighbourhood	Do.	Hills of west Uttar Pradesh	
4	Embedded cyclonic circulation (Lower level)	30-31	South Kerala & neighbourhood	Westwards	Moved away	It was first observed as a cyclonic circulation on 26 over south Tamil Nadu & neighbourhood and then as a trough on 30 from north interior Karnataka to south Kerala

3.2. April

3.2.1. Weather and associated synoptic features — During this month, 4 western disturbances and one induced cyclonic circulation moved over northwest India. 5 troughs in the westerlies, in the mid and upper troposphere, passed across the country. There were in all 15 cyclonic circulations which formed in different parts of the country in lower tropospheric levels. Under the influence of these systems, good spells of rain occurred in different parts of the country. Details of these and other systems are given in Table 3.

Rain or thundershowers occurred almost at all the places and at many places on 8 to 17 days in Arunachal Pradesh, Assam & Meghalaya, Nagaland. Manipur, Mizoram & Tripura, Jammu & Kashmir and Kerala, on 1 to 4 days in Sub-Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim, Gangetic West Bengal, Orissa, Punjab, Himachal Pradesh, west Rajasthan, east Madhya Pradesh, Rayalaseema, Karnataka and Lakshadweep and at a few places or at one or two places on 1 to 4 days in Arunachal Pradesh, Assam & Meghalaya, east Uttar Pradesh, Gujarat region and Konkan & Goa and 5 to 31 days in rest of the country outside Saurashtra & Kutch.

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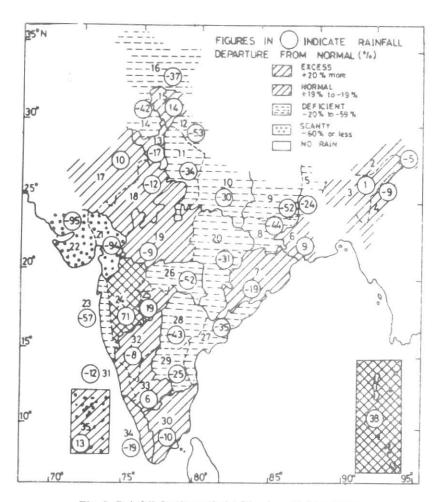


Fig. 2. Rainfall for the period 1 March to 31 May 1994

TABLE 3

Details of the synoptic systems in April 1994

S. No. (1)	System (2)	Period (3)	Place of first location (4)	Direction of movement (5)	Place of dissipation	Remarks
	Low pressure area	4-5	Northwest Rajasthan & neighbourhood	Stationary	(6) In situ	Associated cyclonic circulation extended upto 3.1 km asl initially & then it was extended upto 2.1 km asl over Punjab on 5 and 6. Trough from this system to west Madhya Pradesh extended upto 2.1 km asl was seen from 6 to 7
(B)	Western disturbance					
1	Upper air system	3-7	North Pakistan & neighbourhood	Eastnortheast- wards	Moved away	
2	Do.	9-13	Do.	Northeastwards	Do.	

TABLE 3 (Contd.)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
3	Upper air system	14-17	North Pakistan & neighbourhood	Eastnortheast- wards	Moved away across Jammu & Kashmir	
4	Do.	22-24	Do.	Northeastwards	Moved away across Himachal Pradesh	
(C)	Induced cyclonic circulations					
1	Lower tropospheric level	31 Mar- 1 Apr	Punjab & neighbourhood	Stationary	In situ	
(D)	Troughs in the westerlies/easterlies, middle and upper tropospheric level					
1	Mid and upper tropospheric westerlies	30 Маг- 4 Арт	Long.60°E/North of Lat.25°N	Eastwards	Moved away	
2	Do.	5-9	Long.69°E/North of Lat.25°N	Do.	Long.70°E/North of Lat.25°N	
3	Do.	11-12	Long.64°E/North of Lat.25°N	Do.	Long.74°E/North of Lat.16°N	
4	Do.	15-16	Long.65°E/North of Lat.25°N	Stationary	In situ	
5	East-west trough	20-23	Bihar Plains to Nagaland	Do.	In situ	
6	Mid and upper tropospheric westerlies	28 Apr- 11 May	West Uttar Pradesh to north Konkan	Northeastwards	North Bay to Kerala coast through Tamil Nadu	
(E)	Other cyclonic circulations					
1	Lower level	31 Mar- 1 Apr	South Uttar Pradesh & adjoining parts of North Madhya Pradesh	Stationary	In situ	Trough from this sys- tem extended to south Assam from 1 to 5
2	Do.	2-7	Southwest Rajasthan & neighbourhood	Northeastwards	Moved away across Hills of west Uttar Pradesh	
3	Do.	6-9	South Tamil Nadu & neighbourhood	Westwards	Moved away across Lakshadweep	
4	Lower tropospheric level	10-12	North Konkan & neighbourhood	Stationary	In situ	
5	Do.	11-13	South Rajasthan & neighbourhood	Do.	In situ	
6	Do.	13-17	Southwest Rajasthan & neighbourhood	Eastwards	Moved away across Hills of west Uttar Pradesh	A trough from this sys- tem extended to Vidar- bha & became less
					1 I duesti	marked on 14

TABLE 3 (Contd.)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
7	Lower tropospheric level	8-10	South interior Karnataka	Stationary	In situ	
8	Do.	12-13	Coastal Karnataka & neighbourhood	Do.	Do.	
9	Do.	13-14	South Tamil Nadu & neighbourhood	Stationary	Do.	
10	Lower level	18-20	West Rajasthan & adjoining Pakistan	Eastwards	Moved away across Himachal Pradesh	
11	Lower tropospheric level	20-23	Southwest Rajasthan & neighbourhood	Northeastwards	Punjab & neighbourhood	
12	Do.	15-17	Central parts of Madhya Pradesh	Do.	North Madhya Pradesh & adjoining Uttar Pradesh	
13	Do.	18-19	Sub-Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim and adjoining parts of Bangladesh	Stationary	In situ	Trough from this sys- tem was running to Telangana on 18-19
14	Do.	23-27	Southwest Rajasthan	Eastnorth- eastwards	Moved away across Himachal Pradesh	
15	Do.	28-29	Punjab & neighbourhood	Do.	Moved away across Hills of west Uttar Pradesh	
(F)	Other troughs					
1	Lower tropospheric level	30 Mar- 3 Apr	Punjab to northwest Madhya Pradesh	Stationary	In situ	It was first observed as a cyclonic circulation over west Rajasthan & neighbourhood from 28-30 March
2	Lower level	2-5	Southwest Madhya Pradesh to south Kerala	Do.	Do.	
3	Do.	10-13	Rajasthan to south Madhya Maharashtra	Do.	Do.	
4	Do.	18 Apr- 9 May	Bihar plateau to south Tamil Nadu	South westwards	West Madhya Pradest to south Tamil Nadu	
5	Lower tropospheric level	14-18	South Tamil Nadu	Stationary	In situ	
6	Do.	27-28	Andaman Sea	Northeastwards	Moved away	

3.2.2. Month's rainfall — Rainfall was in excess in 21, normal in 9 and deficient in 4 Sub-divisions. There was no rain in one meteorological sub-

division, namely, Saurashtra & Kutch. Rainfall was excess in Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Gangetic West Bengal, Orissa, Bihar Plateau, Plains of Uttar

TABLE 4 Details of synoptic systems in May 1994

S. No.	System	Period	Place of first location	Direction of movement	Place of dissipation	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
(A) (Cyclonic storm					
1	Severe cyclonic storm (with a core of hurri- cane winds)	29 Apr- 3 May	Andaman Sea	Initially north- north westerly then northerly		Low pressure area on 2 (7.5°N/94°E). Dee depression on 29 (9.0°N/91.5°E). Cyclonic storm on 29 (evering) (10°N/91°E). Severe cyclonic storm on 3 (12°N/90.5°E). Severe cyclonic storm with core of hurricane wind
						(CHW) on 1 (16°N 90.0°E) & weakene into well marked lov pressure area on 3
2	Low pressure area	8-9	Arabian Sea	Stationary	In situ	a (The Control of State of Control of the Control of C
(B) H	Vestern disturbance					
1	Upper air system	3-6	North Pakistan & neighbour- hood	Northeastwards	Moved away	
2	Do.	7-11	Do.	Do.	Moved away across Jammu & Kashmir	
3	Do.	13-16	Do.	Do.	Do.	
4	Do.	25-27	Northwest Paki- stan & adjoining Jammu & Kash- mir	Eastnortheast- wards	Moved away	
5	Do.	27 May- 1 Jun	North Pakistan	Do.	Moved away across Jammu & Kashmir	
C) In	duced cyclonic circulation					
	Lower tropospheric level	5-7	Northwest Ra- jasthan and ad- joining parts of Punjab	Stationary	In situ	
2	Do.	7-11	Western parts of Punjab & ad- joining parts of Pakistan	Eastwards	Moved away across Himachal Pradesh	
3	Do.	12-15	South Pakistan & adjoining parts of west Rajasthan	Northeastwards	Punjab	
)) Oti	her cyclonic circulations					
	Lower tropospheric evel	29 Apr- 3 May	South west Rajasthan	Do.	Hills of west Uttar Pradesh	

TABLE 4 (Contd.)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
2	Lower tropospheric level	11-12	South Rajasthan & neighbour- hood	:===	i destre l'	Merged with the in- duced cyclonic circula- tion (no. 3) on 12 May
3	Do.	11-12	Orissa & neigh- bourhood	Stationary	In situ	Trough from this sys- tem located from Orissa to south Tamil Nadu across Andhra Pradesh from 12 to 14 May
4	Lower level	16-17	Southwest Rajasthan & neighbourhood	Do.	Do.	
5	Lower tropospheric level	15-17	Bihar plains & adjoining Sub- Himalayan West Bengal & Sik- kim	Do.	Do.	Trough was located from this system in lower level to north Kerala across east Madhya Pradesh, Vidarbha & interior Karnataka on 15 & 16 May
6	Mid & upper tropo- spheric level	17-20	Southeast Ara- bian Sea & adjoining Mal- dives	Westwards	Moved away	
7	Embedded cyclonic cir- culation (Lower tropo- spheric level)	17-21	Southeast Uttar Pradesh & nei- ghbourhood	Eastwards	Gangetic West Bengal	
8	Lower level	22-25	Punjab & West Rajasthan	Do.	East Rajasthan & neighbour- hood	
9	Lower tropospheric level	19-30	North Punjab & neighbour- hood	Eastnortheast- wards	Haryana & neighbourhood	
10	Embedded cyclonic circulation	24-30	West central & adjoining south- west Bay	Westwards	Do.	
(E)	Trough in the easterlies/westerl	ies				
1	Upper tropospheric westerlies	3-5	Long. 64°E/ North of Lat. 25°N	Eaștwards	Moved away	
2	Mid and upper tro- pospheric westerlies	12-14	Long. 64°E/ North of Lat. 25°N	Do.	Long. 67°E/ North of Lat 20°N	
(F)	Other troughs					
1	Lower level	8-9	Andaman sea	Stationary	In situ	
2	Lower tropospheric level	17 May- 1 June	Northwest Ra- jasthan to north West Bay across north Madhya Pradesh		North Rajasthar to interior part of Peninsula through wes Madhya Pradesl	s t

TABLE 4 (Contd.)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	ന
3	Lower level	23 May- 1 Jun	West Rajasthan to central Bay through Uttar Pradesh & Orissa	Quasi-stationary	North Rajasthan to interior parts of Orissa	
4	Do.	26-29	Off Kerala coast	-	-	Under the influence of this trough, a low pre- ssure area was formed in the month of June

Pradesh, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Karnataka, Kerala and Lakshadweep; normal in Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram & Tripura, Sub-Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim, Punjab, Jammu & Kashmir, Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu; deficient in Assam & Meghalaya, Bihar Plains, hills of west Uttar Pradesh and Gujarat region and no rain in Saurashtra & Kutch. The principal amounts of rainfall (cm) are given in Table 5.

3.2.3. Temperature - Heat wave conditions prevailed over west Rajasthan on 30. Day temperatures were appreciably above normal on 2 to 9 days over Arunachal Pradesh, Assam & Meghalaya, Sub-Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim. Jammu, west Rajasthan, east Madhya Pradesh, Rayalaseema and Tamil Nadu. While they were markedly below normal by 5° to 10°C over northeast India in the 1st and 3rd week and also in Haryana, Punjab, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Rajasthan, Madhya Maharashtra, Marathwada and north interior Karnataka for 3 to 5 days during the month. Elsewhere the day temperatures were normal or within ±2 to 4°C from normal over the rest period. Highest day temperature of 46°C was recorded at Phalodi on 30.

3.2.4. Disastrous weather events and damages — About 40 persons died in West Bengal due to squall and thunderbolt. In Rajasthan 8 people died and several injured due to hailstorm. Thunderstorm accompanied with hailstorm on 9 and 10 of the month over south Maharashtra and neighbouring states killed 10 people. Hailstorm also caused damage to crops in south Maharashtra.

3.3. May

3.3.1. Severe cyclonic storm (SCS) — A depression formed over southeast Bay on the morning of 29 April. It rapidly intensified into a cyclonic storm by the same evening and was centred near Lat.10.0°N

and Long.91.0°E (Fig. 1). The system moved northnorthwestwards and further intensified into a severe
cyclonic storm on 30 evening and was centred near
Lat.14.0°N/Long.90.0°E on the morning of 1 May.
Recurving northeastwards, it further intensified
into a severe cyclonic storm with a core of hurricane
winds and lay over east central Bay with its centre
near Lat.16.0°N/Long.90.3°E on the evening of 1
May. Continuing its north-northeastward movement, it crossed Bangladesh-Myanmar coast near
Long.92.0°E around midnight (1800 UTC) on 2.
After crossing the coast, it weakened rapidly into a
low pressure area on 3 May. Andaman & Nicobar
Islands received heavy-to-very heavy rain during 29
April to 1 May.

3.3.2. Weather and associated synoptic features — 5 western disturbances, 3 induced cyclonic circulations and 2 troughs in mid and upper tropospheric westerlies passed across northwestern parts of India. In addition 10 cyclonic circulations and three troughs in lower levels also affected during the month. Details of these systems are given in Table 4.

Rain or thundershowers occurred almost at all the places or at any places on 5 to 17 days over Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam & Meghalaya, West Bengal & Sikkim, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir and Kerala and on 1 to 4 days over Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram & Tripura, Orissa, Bihar Plains, Punjab, Konkan & Goa, Madhya Maharashtra, Marathwada, Rayalaseema and Lakshadweep. Rainfall occurred at a few places or at one or two places on 5 to 30 days over the country outside plains of Uttar Pradesh. Saurashtra & Kutch, coastal Karnataka and Lakshadweep and scanty in Gujarat region on 1 to 4 days.

3.3.3. Month's rainfall — Rainfall during May was excess in 2, normal in 9, deficient in 19 and scanty in 5 sub-divisions.

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TABLE 5
Principal amounts of rainfall (cm)

(1)	8-2-0-2	April (3)	May (4)	
1	-	North Lakhimpur 9, Gondpimpri 4, Thalasserry 3	Hut Bay 5, Long Island 4, Tissa 3	
2	_	Agartala 7, Imphal 4	Car Nicobar 7, Nancowry 5, Pune 3	
3	-	Salem 6, Calcutta & Tiruchirapalli 3 each	Port Blair & Hut Bay 3 each	
4	Car Nicobar, Hut Bay & Manali 3 each	Punalur 4, Dibrugarh 3		
5	-	Deragopipur 9, Bhuntar 8, Shimla, Srinagar, Nangal, Dehra Dun & Minicoy 3 each	North Lakhimpur 12, Dibrugarh 6	
6	-	Belgaum, Bhuntar, Cochi & Tuticorin 3 each	Dibrugarh, Kangra & North Lakhimpu 3 each	
7	-	Belgaum, Minicoy, Sundernagar & Thiruvananthapuram 3 each	Arogyavaram & Kozhikode 3 each	
8				
9	-	_	Hut Bay 25, Port Blair 16	
10	-	Ottapalam 6, Kodaikanal 5, Kannur 4, Hoshangabad & Kolhapur 3 each	Car Nicobar 6, Gangtok 3	
1	-	Coimbatore 7, Amini Divi 4, Agumbe & Cochi 3 each		
2	-	Gadag 10, Kudulu 9, Thiruvanan- thapuram 4, Pamban & Pusad 3 each	-	
3	Gangtok 4, Tadong 3	Tiruchirapalli 9, Madurai 7, Sangli 6, Palayamkottai 4	Beki Road Bridge 3	
4	_	Kanyakumari 4	Kodaikanal 5, Coimbatore 4, Amritsar & Tadong 3 each	
5	Cherrapunji & Gangtok 3 each	-	Thrissur 5, Dhubri & Shillong 4 each	
6	Kailashahar 6, Cherrapunji 3	har 6, Cherrapunji 3 Thenmala 5, Moncompu 3		
7	Cherrepunji, Gangtok, Moncompu & Tuticorin 4 each, Silchar 3	Ponnani 7, Kozhikode 4, Bahraich & Silchar 3 each	Cooch Behar & Tezpur 3 each	
8	Miao 13, Naharkatia 8, Minicoy & Tezu 5 each	Guwahati 4, Punalur & Rajghat 3 each	Agartala & Calcutta 3 each	
9	Cherrapunji 4	Vadakara 7, Dibrugarh 4, Cuttack & Tirupattur 3 each	Visakhapatnam 9, Krishnagar 7, Tuni 5 Contal 4, Maya Bandar 3	
)	Cherrapunji 7, Nancowry 4	-	Berhampur 6, Calcutta 4, Jagdalpur 8 Tikarpara 3 each	

TABLE 5 (Contd.)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
21	Cherrapunji 14, Hut Bay 11, Dibrugarh, North Lakhimpur & Tadong 5 each, Gohar 3	Silchar & Tezpur 3 each	Car Nicobar 5, Mananthavady 4, Berhampore & Tiruchhirapalli 3 each
22	Tezu 14, Cherrapunji 13, Passighat 8, Dibrugarh & Hurl Bay 4 each, Port Blair 3	-	Madurai 8, Bharari Chauldaghat & Thiruvananthapuram 5 each, Balasore 3
23	Cherrapunji 59, Tezu 13, Dibrugarh 8, Passighat 4	Digha 7, Nancowry 4, Calcutta, Dibrugarh & Tezpur 3 each	Chaparmukh 9, Kottayam 8, Tezpur 6, Anandpur & Jalpaiguri 5 each, Hut Bay & Sundernagar 3 each
24	Chottabekra 9, Silchar 8, Agartala 7, Kollegal 5, Imphal 4	Dibrugarh 4	Diamond Harbour 11, Contai 10, Tezpur 7, Kollam 5, Nancowry & Visakhapatnam 4 each
25	Kailashahar 11, Silchar 4	Gangtok 5, Passighat 4	Cooch Behar 14, Badatighat 6, Bhuntar, Patna & Vadakara 3 each
26	Lumding 7, Cherrapunji 6, Silchar 4, Guwahati 3	Gharmura 7, North Lakhimpur 3	Calcutta 7, Madras & Ongole 5 each, Balasore, Cooch Behar & Mysore 4 each, Agartala, Maya Bandar, Raipur & Thiruvananthapuram 3 each
27	Cherrapunji & Silchar 13 each, Kailashahar 10, Imphal 7, Agartala 6, Balehonnur 5, Calcutta, Cooch Behar & Guwahati 3 each	Gangtok, Kalingapatnam 5 each, Paradip 4, Dhubri 3	Haripad & Numaligarh 9 each, Tiruvalla 7, Kolhapur 3
28	Cherrapunji 9. Konni 7, Tezu 6	Car Nicobar 11, Nancowry 7, Badvel 4, Cuddapah 3	Panbari & Tadong 8 each, Gangtok & Thiruvananthapuram 7 each, Salem 6, Mangalore 4, Mysore 3
29	Agartala & Kohima 6 each	Parli 5	Cooch Behar & Goalpara 9 each, Cochi 7, Car Nicobar & Jalpaiguri 6 each, Shillong & Tadong 3 each
30	Senkottah 12, Cherrapunji 6, Kailashahar 5, Jalpaiguri & Siddapura 4 each	Hut Bay 17, Long Island 9, Parli 6, Nasik 3	North Lakhimpur 12, Passighat 11, Hrikerur & Paravur 4 each, Gangtok & Minicoy 3 each
31	Kunnamkulam 5, Hasimara & Kothan- giri 4 each		Mathanguri 21, Chengannur 7, Jalpai- guri 6, Thiruvananthapuram 3

Month's rainfall was excess in Himachal Pradesh and Madhya Maharashtra; normal in Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Gangetic West Bengal, hills of west Uttar Pradesh. Haryana, Punjab, east Madhya Pradesh, Marathwada and Tamil Nadu; scanty in west Madhya Pradesh, Gujarat, Konkan & Goa and Vidarbha and was deficient over the rest of the country.

The principal amounts of rainfall are given in Table 5.

3.3.4. Advance of southwest monsoon — The southwest monsoon advanced into the Andaman

Sea and adjoining parts of southeast Bay on 21 May. Its onset over the main land covering south Kerala and southern parts of Tamil Nadu was on 28 May. It also advanced into southeast Arabian Sea, south Lakshadweep area and parts of south and east central Bay on the same day. Onset of monsoon over Kerala was 4 days earlier than the normal date of onset. It advanced into the remaining parts of south Arabian Sea, north Lakshadweep area and north Kerala on 29.

3.3.5. Temperature — Heat wave conditions including spells of severe heat wave conditions prevailed on 10 to 13 days over Rajasthan and west

Madhya Pradesh and on 6 days over Vidarbha and on 1 to 3 days over plains of Uttar Pradesh, Haryana, Punjab, east Madhya Pradesh and Marathwada during the second half of the month. Temperatures were otherwise normal to appreciably above normal over the country.

Season's highest day temperature of 49.8°C was recorded at Dholpur (Rajasthan) on 31 May 1994. In addition, several stations in Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh reported maximum temperatures of 49°C during the last week of May and 1st week of June 1994.

3.3.6. Disastrous weather events and damages — More than 100 people died in Rajasthan due to severe heat wave conditions which prevailed between 17 and 31 May. About 30 more persons died due to heat wave in other parts of the country.

Seven persons lost their lives due to thundersqualls in the 1st week of the month in West Bengal.

A large number of fishermen were reported missing along the Bangladesh coast during the passage of severe cyclonic storm. About 200 people also lost their lives.